Woodpeckers – Year 1					
Geographical Area	Autumn Topic: Best of British	Spring Topic: Castles	Summer Topic: Life in Kenya		
Location and Place Knowledge	 Name, locate and identify characteristics of the four countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom and its surrounding seas. Understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom, and of a small area in a contrasting non-European country Identify four countries that make up the UK and its surrounding seas Locate and name major cities for example in the UK and Blackburn using? What is the capital of each of the 4 nations in the UK? Where do we live? Chn to write their address 	 Name, locate and identify characteristics of the four countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom and its surrounding seas. Understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom, and of a small area in a contrasting non-European country Describe the locality of castles (physical features of the surrounding land) Compare physical features of geography of different castles e.g. those built near sea, those in forest, those on a hill. Which was easier to defend? How did the location determine the actions around these places? Forest/hill etc. Locate castles in our cities and question why that is. Refer to Clitheroe and look at pictures of others e.g. Edinburgh 	Understand geographical similarities and differences throug studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom, and of a small area in a contrasting non-European country Compare Kenya to Blackburn Homes Human Geography? Geography? Weather this would be in the physical geography part? Build on knowledge of places learnt in EYFS		
Human and Physical Geography	Identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the United Kingdom. Weather – link to science for seasonal changes and weather study Identify the location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to: Key human features, including city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office. When referring to maps to locate towns cities When using directional language with a globe NSEW to locate countries and continents What is the general weather like where we live? Do we have many people in Blackburn?	Identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the United Kingdom. Weather – link to science for seasonal changes and weather study Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to: key physical features, including; forest, hill, mountain, soil, valley, vegetation,. Name these places e.g. where would you look at these features? key human features, including: city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office. Studying where castles are built in why in accordance with the surrounding physical features of the land/surrounding area Which castle would you look at? Which physical features would you look at? Please specify.	Identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the United Kingdom. Weather – link to science for seasonal changes and weather study Identify the location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles Wes basic geographical vocabulary to refer to: Key physical features, including: forest, hill, mountain, soil, valley, vegetation, Learn about the 5 climate zones and their location and weather patterns Refer to the hot and cold areas in relation to the equator and N & poles- polar and arid climates, Mediterranean and tropical climate. Study rural and urban differences in Kenya which places? What are the names of these places? What would you look at?		

	Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries.	Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries.	Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries.
Enquiry	Use Google earth of find the UK and our school Use atlases to find and name the major cities and Blackburn as a town in the North of England. Use Google Earth to see the continents and all seas that make up 2/3 of our planet Use atlases to see symbols and colours of OS map- not needed The above is fitting for the fieldwork aspect. If you could think about the following for enquiry: What do we like about where we live? What things could be improved?	Refer back to atlases to locate major towns and cities to locate castles in their centres What places could you visit around a castle Where are castles built and why?	use a world map and a globe to identify and place different countries and locations- identify the continents and major seas using maps and globes The children could ask these questions and investigate the following: What is it like to live in Kenya? How is life different for a Kenyan child than a child living in Blackburn?
Fieldwork and Map Skills	Use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and the key human and physical features of its surrounding environment. Know where the equator, North Pole and South Pole are on a globe Know and use the terminologies: left and right; below and next to Know which is N, E, S and W on a compass Know their address, including postcode Possible trip in the locality Understand the meaning of a postcode and their address Write the school address on a postcard Visit places around the locality and create a simple map using directional language Group work to program beebots to use directional language. Direct each other in pairs to practise	Use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and the key human and physical features of its surrounding environment. Know where the equator, North Pole and South Pole are on a globe Know and use the terminologies: left and right; below and next to Know which is N, E, S and W on a compass Know their address, including postcode Possible trip in the locality Study the physical features of Hoghton Tower on our trip Why is there such a long drive? Why is it on such a steep hill? Why is it in the middle of forest and countryside?	Know where the equator, North Pole and South Pole are on a globe Know and use the terminologies: left and right; below and next to Know which is N, E, S and W on a compass Use language map skills to locate countries and climate zones on maps, globes and in atlases Make a map of the area studied complete a Kenyan Atlas challenge
Cultural Capital links	Possible visit - local/further afield Links with local area On our walk to the museum, look at the physical features of Blackburn- terrace housing, the canal and bridge, old mills building,	Possible visit - local/further afield Links with local area Look at the physicality of Hoghton Tower. What physical features make it good place to build a fortification? E.g. hill, forest	Possible visit - local/further afield Links with local area Trip to Brockholes to look at environment link to science
Digimaps		Use Digimaps to locate address and significant places in the locality Find Hoghton Tower and look at the surrounding physical features on digi maps, Historical maps	
The Environment and Sustainability	Recycling in our area. Discuss the use of clothes banks Think about how we travel to school	Talk about littering and how it is important to keep areas litter free. Would Houghton Tower have been a nice place to visit if the surrounding area was dirty,etc	Trip to Brockholes to look at environment link to science